CLAIMS

A method for unblocking immunization at a regional lymph
 node by:

promoting differentiation and maturation of immature dendritic cells in a regional lymph node and;

allowing presentation by resulting mature dendritic cells of antigen to T-cells to gain immunization of the T-cells to the antigen.

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2. A method according to claim 1, wherein said promoting step is further defined as administering a natural cytokine mixture (NCM) perilymphatically into lymphatics that drain into lymph nodes regional to a lesion to be treated.

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- 3. A method according to claim 2, wherein the lesion is cancerous or an other persistent lesion.
- 4. A method according to claim 3, wherein the presented lesion 20 is infectious.
 - 5. A method according to claim 1, wherein the antigen is an endogenous antigen.
- 25 6. A method according to claim 1, wherein the antigen is an exogenous antigen.
 - 7. A method according to claim 2 wherein said administering step is further defined as injecting the NCM perilymphatically, intralymphatically, intranodally, intrasplenically, subcutaneously, intramuscularly or intracutaneously.
 - 8. A method of inducing immunization to cancer or persistent lesions by

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administering an effective amount of an exogenous antigen and an adjuvant consisting of a natural cytokine mixture (NCM).

- 9. A method according to claim 7, wherein said administering step is further defined as administering an NCM including IL-1, IL-2, IL-6, IL-8, δ IFN and TNF α .
 - 10. A method according to claim 8 wherein said administering step is further defined as injecting the NCM perilymphatically, intralymphatically, intranodally, intrasplenically, subcutaneously, intramuscularly or intracutaneously.
 - 11. A method for overcoming mild to moderate T cell depletion and restoring T cell immune response by inducing production of naïve T cells.
 - 12. A method according to claim 11, wherein said inducing step is further defined as administering a natural cytokine mixture (NCM).
- 20 13. A method according to claim 11 wherein said administering step is further defined as injecting the NCM perilymphatically, intralymphatically, intranodally, intrasplenically, subcutaneously, intramuscularly or intracutaneously.
- 25 14. A method according to claim 12, wherein said administering step is further defined as injecting an NCM including IL-1, IL-2, IL-6, IL-8, δIFN and TNFα.
- 15. A method according to claim 14, wherein said administering30 step including administering about 150-600 units of IL-2 per injection in the NCM.

16. A method according to claim 11, wherein said blocking and inducing steps are further defined as codelivering cyclophosphamide and a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID).

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17. A method of treating a cancer or other persistent lesion in an immune suppressed patient by administering an effective amount of a natural cytokine mixture as an adjuvant to endogenous or exongenously administering antigen from the cancer or persistent lesion.

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18. A method according to claim 14, wherein said administering step is further defined as injecting an NCM including IL-1, IL-2, IL-6, IL-8, TNF α and δ IFN.

19. A method according to claim 18, wherein said administering step is further defined as injecting an NCM including IL-1, IL-2, IL-6, IL-8, TNFα and δIFN.

- 20. A method according to claim 17, further including the steps of
 20 blocking endogenous suppression of T-cells directly or indirectly by the endogenous lesion being treated.
 - 21. A method according to claim 17, wherein said blocking and inducing steps are further defined as codelivering cyclophosphamide and a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID).
 - 22. A method according to claim 21, wherein the NSAIDS is selected from the group including indomethacin, ibuprofen, vioxx, celebrex and other related compounds.

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23. A method of vaccine immunotherapy including the steps of: inducing production of naive T-cells and

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 exposing the naïve T-cells to endogenous or exogenous antigens.

- 24. A method according to claim 23, wherein said exposing step is further defined as exposing the naïve T-cells to endogenously processed peptide preparation resident in regional nodes of a patient who possesses a lesion.
- 25. A method according to claim 24, wherein the lesion is 10 cancerous or infectious.
 - 26. A method according to claim 23, wherein said exposing step is further defined as administering an exogenously produced antigen.
- 15 27. A method according to claim 23, wherein said antigen is otherwise non-immunogenic peptide.
- 28. A method according to claim 23, wherein said exposing step is further defined as immunizing the naïve T-cells with matured peptide
 20 presenting dendritic cells at a lymph node distal from a lesion to be treated.
 - 29. A method of treating lymphocytopoenic by administering an effective amount of a natural cytokine mixture.